

# The China Mail.

Established February, 1845.

VOL. XLIII. No. 7389.

一月四日七十八年

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1887.

日八月三十日丁

PRICE, \$2 PER MONTH.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALLEN, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E.C. GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill. GORDON & GOTOR, Ludgate Circus, E.C. BATES & HENDY & Co., 37, Walbrook, E.C. SAMUEL DRAGON & Co., 156 & 157, Leadenhall Street, W. M. WILLS, 151, Cannon Street, E.C.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—AMERI PRINCE & Co., 39, Rue Lafayette, Paris.

NEW YORK.—ANDREW WIND, 21, Park Row.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Posts generally.—BROWN & BLACK, San Francisco.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORGE & GOUGH, Melbourne and Sydney.

CEYLON.—W. M. SMITH & Co., The ANTHROPAGURAS CO., Colombo.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—SATEL & Co., Square, Singapore. O. HEINZEN & Co., Manila.

## Books.

### NOTICE.

RULES OF THE HONGKONG SAVINGS' BANK.

1.—The business of the above Bank will be conducted by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, on their premises in Hongkong. Business hours on week-days, 10 to 3; Saturdays, 10 to 1.

2.—Sums less than \$1, or more than \$250 at one time will not be received. No depositor may deposit more than \$5,000 in any one year.

3.—Deposits in the Savings' Bank having at \$100 or more at their credit may be at their option transferred to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, or to the account of 12 months at 5 per cent per annum interest.

4.—Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed to depositors on their daily balances.

5.—Each Depositor will be supplied gratis with a Pass-Book which must be presented with each payment or withdrawal. Depositors must not make any entries themselves in their Pass-Books but should send them to be written up at least twice a year, about the beginning of January and beginning of July.

6.—Correspondence as to the business of the Bank if marked on Hongkong Savings' Bank Business is forwarded free by the various British Post Offices in Hongkong and China.

7.—Withdrawals may be made on demand, but the personal attendance of the depositor or his duly appointed agent, and the production of his Pass-Book are necessary.

For the

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING

CORPORATION,

JOHN WALTER,

Acting Chief Manager.

Hongkong, June 7, 1887.

754

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$7,500,000  
RESERVE FUND.....\$4,500,000  
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PBO.....\$7,500,000  
PRIFESTORE.....

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman—M. GROTE, Esq.

Deputy Chairman—C. D. BOTTOMLEY, Esq.

Hon. J. BILL IRVING, Esq.

W. H. F. DABY, Esq.

H. L. DALMATION, Esq.

Hon. A. P. McEWEN, Esq.

A. MOLVER, Esq.

H. H. HOFFITZ, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER.

Hongkong—THOMAS JAYTON, Esq.

Acting Chief Manager—JOHN WALTER, Esq.

MANAGER.

Shanghai—EVAN CAMERON, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

On Fixed Deposits—

For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.

6 4 per cent.

12 6 per cent.

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credit granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Draws granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

JOHN WALTER,

Acting Chief Manager.

Hongkong, February 26, 1887.

363

ON Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

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## Entertainments.

THEATRE ROYAL,  
CITY HALL.  
THE THIRD PERFORMANCE  
OF THE SEASON,  
BY  
THE AMATEUR DRAMATIC  
CLUB  
will take place

TO-MORROW EVENING,  
the 22nd April, at 8 p.m.,  
When will be produced a COMEDIE by  
WILLIAM BROWN,  
entitled:

A COMICAL COUNTESS,  
AND  
H. J. BYRON'S COMEDY IN 3 ACTS,  
entitled:  
OLD SOLDIERS.

Tickets may be obtained from Messrs.  
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., on and after  
Monday, 4th April, at 9 a.m.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:  
Dress Circle and Stalls, 82.  
Back Seats, 61.  
H. M. THOMSETT,  
Hon. Secretary,  
Hongkong, April 21, 1887.

## To-day's Advertisements.

## STEAM TO SHANGHAI.

The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s  
Steamship  
Decau

will leave for the above  
place TO-MORROW, the 22nd Instant, at Day-  
light, instead of as previously notified.

E. L. WOODIN,  
Acting Superintendent:

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office,  
Hongkong, April 21, 1887.

## Not Responsible for Debts.

Neither the Captain, the Agents, nor  
Owners will be Responsible for  
any Debt contracted by the Officers or  
Crew of the following Vessel, during  
their stay in Hongkong Harbour:

EUDORA, British barque, Captain C. E.  
Fulton, Chinese.

GENERAL WERDER, German str., Capt. W.  
von Schuchmann - Melchers & Co.

SWAN, American brig, Captain D. D.  
O'Keeffe - F. Blackhead & Co.

## NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

## NOTICE.

## STEAM TO SHANGHAI.

The Co.'s Steamship  
Oder,

Captain Pfeiffer, will  
leave for the above place  
TO-MORROW, the 22nd Instant, at 3 p.m.

For further Particulars, apply to

MELCHERS & Co.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, April 21, 1887.

## SHIPPING.

## ARRIVALS.

April 21, 1887.

Merlin, British gunboat, from a cruise  
Wingang, British steamer, put back from  
sea.

Emeralda, British steamer, 395, G. A.  
Tomas, Manila April 18, General - RUSSELL  
& Co.

Oder, German steamer, 1,892, F. Pfeiffer,  
Bremen March 9, and Singapore April 16,  
Mails and General - MELCHERS & Co.

Halcyon, British steamer, 277, J. S.  
Raach, Tamsui April 17, Amoy 18, and  
Swatow 20, General - DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP  
Co.

Alvina, Suez, German str., 558, Samme,  
Nevschang April 13, Bion - WILHELM & Co.

Sarthe, French steamer, 470, O. Porten,  
Bangkok April 12, Rice - OAKLOW & Co.

City of New York, American str., 3,884,  
Robt. H. Searle, San Francisco March 24,  
and Yokohama April 15. Mails special value  
\$47,614, and 240 tons General Cargo -  
P. & S. S. & Co.

## DEPARTURES.

April 21.

Velox, for Whampoa.

Educa, for Yokohama.

Professor Mohn, for New York.

Wingang, for Haiphong.

Luzon, for Manila.

Namoa, for Coast Ports.

Alvina, Suez, for Whampoa.

Amoy, for Shanghai.

Melita, for Haiphong.

Fokien, for Coast Ports.

## Cleared.

Mary Stewart, for Sandakan.

Port Asia, for Saigon.

Oreto, for Amoy.

Fao, for Singapore.

Daube, for Haiphong.

## PASSENGERS.

Arrived.

Per Esmeralda, from Manila, 21 Chinese.

Per Oder, from Bremen, &c., O. v. Mohi

and family, Mr. T. S. Church, Miss A.

Nimmo, Miss Flater, Dr. and Mrs. Stevens,

Professor Ende, Messrs. Voigt, Stegmann,

Weidmann, Mr. McDowell, Misses M.

and Th. Anderson, F. Baird, L. Epstein,

and 8 Chinese.

Departed.

Per Namoa, for Swatow, Mr. Liou Tao

Sang; for Amoy, Mr. Q. Skinner and child;

Mr. and Mrs. Phillips, Miss G. Shude, H. S. Brand,

W. P. Galton, L. M. F. Grant, A. A. da

Roma, Seong Kee and Allum.

Per Fokien, for Amoy, Misses Anderson,

## NOTICE.

## ICE CREAM ICE CREAM!!

ICE CREAM!!

Served daily after 12 Noon in

ROTISSIERIE,

and BAR of

HONG KONG HOTEL.

Hongkong, April 21, 1887.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instruc-

tions from H. W. Davis, Esq., to

SELL by Public Auction, on

MONDAY,

the 25th April, 1887, at 2 p.m., at his

Residence "Cringford", Robinson Road,

THE WORLD OF HIS

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.,

comprising -

ENGLISH-MADE TAPESTRY COVRED DRAW-

ING-ROOM SUITE.

BLACK and GOLD CENTRE and SIDE

TABLES, BLACK and GOLD FRAMED CHIMNEYS,

GLESSES, OIL PAINTINGS, PORTRAITS,

KNICK-KNACKS, BOMBAY, MARBLE TOP

MARBLE-TOP CARPET, GALLERIE and

GAS BRACKETS.

ENGLISH-MADE MICROSCOPE, TELESCOPE,

DINING TABLE, SIDEBOARD and OTHER

MISCELLANEOUS DINNER SUITE.

ENGLISH-MADE TAPESTRY COVRED DINING-ROOM SUITE.

MIRRORS, CLOCKS, DINNER and DESSERT

SETS, GLASSWARE and SILVER PLATE.

DOUBBLE BEDSTEADS with SPRING MAT-

TERSSES, &c., PLATE GLASS, WARDROBES,

MARBLE-TOP TOILET TABLE with GLASS and

WASHSTAND.

ENGLISH-MADE BLACKWOOD SUITE.

GOOD COLLECTION of FLOWERING PLANTS

in POTS and STANDS.

&c., &c., &c.

Catalogues will be issued, and the whole

to be on view on and after Saturday, the

23rd Instant.

TERMS of SALE - As customary.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, April 21, 1887.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

## STEAMSHIP ODER.

FROM BREMEN and PORTS OF CALL.

THE above-named Steamer having ar-

ived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby

informed that their Goods, with the excep-

tion of Opium, Treasure and

Valuables are being landed and stored at

the Godowns of the Underwriters, whence

delivery may be obtained.

OPTIONAL CARGO will be landed here in

Hongkong unless notice to the contrary be

given before 4 p.m. To-day, the 21st Inst.

No Claims will be admitted after the

Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods

remaining after the 25th Instant will be

subject to rent.

All broken, phased, and damaged Goods

are to be left in the Godowns, where they

will be examined on the 25th Inst.

All Claims must reach us before the 6th

May, at 4 p.m.

No Claims will be recognized after

the 6th May, at 4 p.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be counter-signed by

MELCHERS & Co.

Agents.

Hongkong, April 21, 1887.

## INTIMATIONS.

## SUMMER TIME TABLE.

## THE KOWLOON FERRY.

## STEAM-LAUNCH.

## MORNING STAR.

BUTI DAILY AS A FERRY Boat between

Pedder's Wharf and Tsim-Tsui-Tsui

the following hours - This Time Table will

take effect from the 10th April, 1887.

WEEKLY DATES. SUNDAYS.

Monday, 7.00 A.M. to 7.00 P.M.

Tuesday, 7.00 A.M. to 7.00 P.M.

Wednesday, 7.00 A.M. to 7.00 P.M.

Thursday, 7.00 A.M. to 7.00 P.M.

Friday, 7.00 A.M. to 7.00 P.M.

Saturday, 7.00 A.M. to 7.00 P.M.

Sunday, 7.00 A.M. to 7.00 P.M.

There will be no Launch on Monday

and Friday, on account of sealing.

No. 7380.—APRIL 21, 1887.]

A rare chance of acquiring fine Japanese curios and works of art will be offered to the public to-morrow and Saturday, when Mr. Kuhn's large collection will be sold by public auction. About 200 trays with small lots of bronze inlaid jewellery, consisting of brooches, ear-rings, solitaires, paper-knives, &c., will be disposed of, besides innumerable bronze vases, silk-painted and satin embroidered tableaux, gold brocade curtains, satin embroidered screens, warriors in armour, &c., &c. Among the more expensive articles, which are rare works of art, are some Japanese wood carvings with fantastic designs. One of these carvings represents an old woman holding a mask of the 'Old Gentleman' who has several aliases; while another represents an old Japanese woman smoking a strikingly curious figure. We have no doubt that there will be a keen competition for most of these valuable articles.

The Right Hon. Robert Bourke, who has just been raised to the Peers, in the third son of the 6th Earl of Mayo, a former Viceroy of India who was assassinated in 1872 while on a visit to Andamans. He was born at Hayes, County Meath, Ireland, on June 11, 1837, and was educated at Eton, at Harrow, at Hall Place, Kent, and at Trinity College, Dublin. He was called to the bar at the Inner Temple, in 1852, went on the South Wales Circuit and attended the Knutsford Sessions for twelve years. He also had a large business at the Parliamentary bar. In 1863, he was elected for King's Lynn in the Conservative interest, and has represented that borough ever since. When Mr. Disraeli came into power, in 1874, he was appointed Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and he filled the office until 1880. He again filled the post in 1885-86. In September 1886, he was gazetted Governor of Madras, in succession to Sir Charles Grant Duff, which position he now holds. He is also a member of the Privy Council. He has travelled in America, India and the Holy Land, and contributed his views on these countries to various magazines. He is also the author of Parliamentary Procedents. In 1863 he married Lady Susan, Georgia, eldest daughter of the first Marquis of Dalhousie.

Macmillan's Magazine for April will contain an ode, written by Lord Tenby, in honour of the Jubilee of Queen Victoria.

This convalescence of Prince Alexander has so far advanced by the 21st March that the re-arrangements made by the physicians on the intercessions between the patient and his friends were removed, the necessary measures of disinfection being taken.

A TIRANIANA line, which will connect Seoul with Fusan, is to be undertaken shortly under the supervision of a foreign employ in the service of the Korean Telegraph Office. The rumour that the Chinese government had consented to lend the necessary money for the work, was evidently incorrect, seeing that the Korean authorities have obtained the amount required from a German firm.—*Japan Gazette*.

The Vladivostok correspondent of the *Standard* says that Chinese colonization is going on apace in the adjoining Chinese territory. Most of the settlers are Shantung men, but there are also some Manchus and foreigners (probably Coreans), who are admitted to full rights on adopting the Manchu *gue*. The Tartar-General Mu-tshau has requested that the immigration office may be kept open for a few years more. Over 100,000 men (say 20,000 acres) have already been brought under tillage amongst the grants allotted to 50,000 or 60,000 colonists. Money is advanced by the immigration office, wherever it may be, to the settlers, implements, &c., and after a few years regular authorities will be established, and the land-tax levied.

#### THE LOSS OF THE P. & O. STEAMER TASMANIA.

We have been favoured by Mr. E. L. Wood, the Acting Superintendent of the P. & O. Co. here, with the following telegram, received to-day:

All Tasmanian passengers expected at Mirells' to-day. Captain Perrins, the fifth officer and twenty natives lost.

It is with deep regret that we publish the above announcement, which destroys all hope concerning the fate of Captain Perrins and others who were reported as missing from the wreck of the *Tasmanian*. This sad loss of life proves too clearly how terribly sudden and complete the disaster must have been, for we all know the high state of discipline preserved on board the steamers of the P. & O. Co.'s fleet, while it is admitted that the fine ship that has just been lost was probably one of the staunchest vessels and one of the best sea-boats owned by this great Company.

The one consolation in face of a disaster like this is, that Captain Perrins, the officer, and the native seamen, died in the faithful performance of their duty. It is some satisfaction in these days, when the traditional high standard of duty, so long and proudly maintained amongst British seamen is said to be greatly lowered, to find officers of the British mercantile marine can even be so faithful unto death.

The best thing which can ever be said of a shipmaster and his officers and crew, is that they lost their lives in saving the lives of those entrusted to their care, and in this case, the brief announcement that all the passengers of the vessel thus removed were reported to arrive at Mirells to-day,

furnishes the best and most touching epithet that could be penned regarding the death of those gallant men of this wrecked vessel.

#### THE LATE MR ALEXANDER WYLIE.

Dr. Leggo, Professor of Chinese at Oxford University, above the initials 'J. L.',

contributed the following appreciative notice of the late Mr. Alexander Wylie to *Trübner's Orts-Record*:

The death of Mr. Alexander Wylie on the 6th of February, will awaken feelings of sadness in a wide circle of friends in Britain and China, and elsewhere, throughout Europe, and in the United States. Born in London of Scottish parents in 1815, he had nearly completed his 72nd year; but for some years he had been totally blind, and latterly had been reduced, without suffering much pain, to a state of great weakness, but not of body and mind. He died at his residence, for which he was waiting in the full assurance and hope of a speedy recovery. The writer of this important notice of his labours and tributes to the character may be allowed in the outset, for the sake of brevity, to speak of himself in the first person. Having returned from Hongkong to England for a time in consequence of illness, I was living in London in 1840. It was there that I first saw Mr. Wylie. He called on me with a letter from a friend, which told me that my visitor was a cabinet maker, whom he knew well, of great intelligence and other high qualities, who had been occupying himself lately with the study of Chinese. I asked the stranger what had made him take up that language, when he said that having picked up a word or two before, he had learned Latin sufficiently to be able to read it, was much interested with it, and wished to obtain some guidance in prosecuting the study of Chinese. There was a New Testament in Chinese on the table. I opened it, and read with tolerable accuracy a column or two, and translated them with an approximation to correctness. His pronunciation was not exact, but he had got hold of the principle of relative position by which the meaning of the symbolic characters in their combination is determined. I asked him where he had got a dictionary, and he said in his own words, 'How, then, did you learn these names and meanings of these characters?' 'Partly,' he said, 'from Professor and I have tried to make a list of characters and their significations for myself. I got a New Testament from the Bible Society. Turning to the 4th Gospel, I know that the first verse must contain the name for "God" twice, and the character for "Word" three times. I put these down, and went on to determine them in the same way. He had brought with him some tracts which he had got from the Religious Society; trying him with one of these, he was not so successful as with the New Testament, but still did wonderfully. I arranged for him to come to me, and got a lesson occasionally. When he left me, I felt sure that if I put a question to me when that time approached, I have no doubt I should be able to give him a satisfactory answer (heat, hear).

#### THE JUBILEE NAVAL REVIEW.

In the House of Commons on the 21st ultimo, Mr. Baden-Powell, asked the First Lord of the Admiralty whether arrangements would be made in order to have a special contingent of officers and men of the Royal Navy, Royal Reserve and Royal Naval Artillery Volunteers to take part in the Jubilee Naval Review; and, if so, whether it could be arranged that these contingents should be representative of the different districts of the United Kingdom.

Lord G. Hamilton.—We have decided to celebrate the Jubilee by a Naval Review to be held at Portsmouth on the 23d July, at which her Majesty will signal her intention to be present (heat, heat). It will embrace a larger number of battle and coast defence ships, and two first-class torpedo and gun boats. It will be a pageant, but the proud to see the condition both of the men and the ships. The operational and energies of the defence of the principal military and mercantile ports for the protection of our coasts, the Dardanelles to the north of Donegal Bay, and also the protection of our commerce near the entrances of the Channel. In carrying out these operations, the same precautions will be observed as in time of war. We shall be glad to associate with the operations a limited number of Naval Reserve men who may wish to volunteer to be selected from each district. A certain number of the Royal Naval Artillery Volunteers can be embarked in the vessels of the Royal Navy, which may be used for the protection of the commercial ports. There will, I understand, some difficulty in the manning of these reserves leaving the regular employment for the Review, and the sub-branches of the Royal Artillery, and also certain expenses in conveying them from their respective districts and home again. These, I hope, are difficulties which will not be found insurmountable.

Mr. Addison.—Will the members of this House receive an invitation, and, if so, what arrangements will be made for taking them to Portsmouth, and for their accommodation when there? (laughter.)

Lord G. Hamilton.—It is a long way from the 23d July. If my hon. friend will put a question to me when that time approaches, I have no doubt I shall be able to give him a satisfactory answer (heat, heat).

#### A BOLD CHALLENGE.

The *Overland Mail* reported yesterday that the *Standard* had taken steps and bold measures to force the Parnellites and their allies to attack it for libel, or to do under such imputations as tokens of peace. At the same time I think it is a bold challenge to the Russian Government to have issued the anti-German *Pravda* of the Panslavist Press, and the outbreak of the Russo-Turkish war has become a cause for the world's alarm. The *Standard* has issued a special edition of the *Collega Gazette*, somewhat farcical, which comes forward with a contradiction of the Madrid report that Russia had broken off from the Austro-German Alliance and resumed her freedom of action. The *Standard* declaiming with pride that the Emperor's Birthday has been the occasion of the world's alarm, while the *Collega Gazette*, somewhat farcical, has come forward with a contradiction of the Madrid report that Russia had broken off from the Austro-German Alliance and resumed her freedom of action. The *Standard* has issued a special edition of the *Collega Gazette* this morning:

In consequence of the unfounded reports, which appeared in some of the Russian newspapers last year, of alleged extortions of the German Government, the *Standard* has issued a pamphlet. It affirms that there is a special duty incumbent upon Mr. Gladstone, upon his official Liberals of weight and standing who are now brigaded with Mr. Parnell's following. They are bound to urge, and if necessary compel the accused to seek redress from their aldermen.

Mr. Gladstone and his associates proposed to continue to work for common objects with politicians confederated with and subsidized by the authors of dynastic conspiracies and military coups. They prepared to join hands with the men who were to be the leaders and initiates of Ford and Hayes, and who are to this hour misusing the subscriptions collected by the *Irish World*, in resisting measures for restoring law and order in Ireland? Can they boast of being English and Scotch Liberals that it is safe and honourable to surrender the government of Ireland to the allies and instruments of the anti-British plotters in the United States? If they are not ready to stow in this Parnellite juice, to quote once more Sir William Harcourt's emphatic language, they must be eager to secure the vindication of their present confederates and the proof that their own blind confidence is not a deliberate self-deception. For our own part, we are perfectly ready, if challenged, to establish the statements we have published. But no challenge has escaped from Mr. Parnell's prudently sealed lips, and his subordinates have evidently received orders to maintain a rigorous silence.

To-day the *Standard* has fresh challenge to both parties. It asks why the House of Commons can allow any section of its members to attack the imputations in its articles on 'Parsley and Orme' with an assumption of indifference? It has done everything to provoke inquiry. It has issued the charges in a pamphlet. It affirms that there is a special duty incumbent upon Mr. Gladstone, upon his official Liberals of weight and standing who are now brigaded with Mr. Parnell's following. They are bound to urge, and if necessary compel the accused to seek redress from their aldermen.

Mr. Gladstone and his associates pro-

posed to continue to work for common

objects with politicians confederated with

and subsidized by the authors of dynastic

conspiracies and military coups. They

prepared to join hands with the men

who were to be the leaders and initiates

of Ford and Hayes, and who are to this

hour misusing the subscriptions collected

by the *Irish World*, in resisting measures

for restoring law and order in Ireland? Can

they boast of being English and Scotch

Liberals that it is safe and honourable to

surrender the government of Ireland to the

allies and instruments of the anti-British

plotters in the United States? If they are

not ready to stow in this Parnellite juice,

to quote once more Sir William Harcourt's

emphatic language, they must be eager to

secure the vindication of their present

confederates and the proof that their own

blind confidence is not a deliberate self-

deception. For our own part, we are

perfectly ready, if challenged, to establish

the statements we have published. But no

challenge has escaped from Mr. Parnell's

prudently sealed lips, and his subordinates

have evidently received orders to maintain

a rigorous silence.

To-day the *Standard* has fresh challenge

to both parties. It asks why the House of

Commons can allow any section of its

members to attack the imputations in its

articles on 'Parsley and Orme' with an

assumption of indifference? It has done

everything to provoke inquiry. It has issued

the charges in a pamphlet. It affirms that

there is a special duty incumbent upon

Mr. Gladstone, upon his official Liberals

of weight and standing who are to this

hour misusing the subscriptions collected

by the *Irish World*, in resisting measures

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action on any Army in the world. The prospect of the maintenance of peace, according to him, is 'better, rather than worse,' being the meeting of the Delugeant—no particularising statement, when we recalled the extreme anxiety that then prevailed in every quarter. The endowments of the Monarchy to maintain peace, continued Mr. Tiza (in a speech of his to the House of Commons), can only if the other Powers who likewise wish for peace, will keep ready for war, to defend it, if need be, with the utmost energy, not only their frontiers, but also their interests. These 'vital interests' were very clearly defined by Mr. Tiza on the 30th September last, in his speech and the pointed allusion to Austria's readiness for action in the light of the declaration of war.

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